Australia calling: ABC to go global

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The ABC chief, Mark Scott, will tonight launch his multimillion-dollar plans for global domination, arguing for a huge expansion in the broadcaster's overseas services in an effort to rival the BBC, CNN and the emerging Chinese media offensive.

In a lecture he will give at Macquarie University, Mr Scott will say that Australia's new-found influence as a member of the G20 nations means it needs to expand its "soft diplomacy" campaign to win support not just in the Asia-Pacific region but around the world.

"We have an important role to play and we have to use all the tools at our disposal to continue to do so - one of these tools is soft diplomacy - using the media to put our nation's culture, values and policies on show," Mr Scott will say. Under his plan, the ABC would:

Merge the international television service Australia Network and radio service Radio Australia into a single brand.

Expand its broadcasts to reach 53 countries in Africa, 22 in the Middle East and up to 21 in Latin America.

Create an additional five news bureaus in the Asia-Pacific region, bringing the total to 14, more than the BBC or CNN.

But Mr Scott will need to persuade senior government decision-makers in both foreign affairs and communications, who will need to chip in several hundred million dollars a year to make the plan a reality.

Mr Scott pointed out that Britain spends \$868 million on the BBC's overseas services, France more than \$600 million and Germany \$532 million on their overseas broadcasters. China is in the midst of an \$8billion international media expansion which involves its bilingual Chinese- English television service going global by the end of next year.

He contrasts this with the \$34 million funding for the ABC's overseas broadcasts.

The expansion would dramatically increase the audience of the Department of Foreign Affairs-funded Australia Network, which broadcasts to 44 countries across the Asia-Pacific, and Radio Australia, which has a network of 11 around-the-clock stations covering almost every Pacific capital city.

Michael McKinley, a senior lecturer in international relations at the ANU, said he was sceptical of the benefits of broadcasting in- to closed societies with a hope of achieving change.

"You might actually confirm their prejudices," he said.

Ari Sharp

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